Two Kinds of Peace
The Hasidic master
Naḥman of Bratzlav
distinguished between
two kinds of peace. The
first is peace within one's
self, which arises out of a
sense of awe and humility.
The second kind of peace
derives from prayer—
a vision of universal peace,
when there shall be peace
in all the world.

The Song

On your journey you will come to a time of waking.

The others may be asleep. Or you may be alone.

Immediacy of song moving the titled Visions of children and the linking stars.

You will begin then to remember. You Hear the voice relating after late listening.

You remember even falling asleep, or a dream of sleep.

For now the song is given and you remember.

At every clear waking you have known this song The cities of this music identified

By the white springs of singing, and their fountains Reflected in windows, in all the human eyes.

The wishes, the need growing. The song growing.

-MURIEL RUKEYSER

▶ Our God and God of our ancestors, embrace our rest. Make us holy through Your mitzvot and let the Torah be our portion. Fill our lives with Your goodness and gladden us with Your deliverance. Purify our hearts to serve You truly. Adonal our God, lovingly and willingly grant that we inherit Your holy Shabbat, that the people Israel, who make Your name holy, may find rest on this day. Barukh atah Adonal, who makes Shabbat holy.

Kad'sheinu b'mitzvotekha v'ten ḥelkeinu b'toratekha, sabeinu mi-tuvekha v'samheinu bishuatekha, v'taher libeinu l'ovd'kha be-emet, v'hanḥileinu Adonai eloheinu b'ahavah u-v'ratzon shabbat kodshekha, v'yanuḥu vah yisrael m'kad'shei sh'mekha.

Kaddish Shalem

Leade

May God's great name be exalted and hallowed throughout the created world, as is God's wish. May God's sovereignty soon be established, in your lifetime and in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel. And we say: *Amen*.

Congregation and Leader:

May God's great name be acknowledged forever and ever! Y'hei sh'meih raba m'yarakh l'alam u-l'almei almaya.

Leader:

May the name of the Holy One be acknowledged and celebrated, lauded and worshipped, exalted and honored, extolled and acclaimed—though God, who is blessed, b'rikh hu, is truly [on Shabbat Shuvah we add: far] beyond all acknowledgment and praise, or any expressions of gratitude or consolation ever spoken in the world. And we say: Amen.

May the prayers and pleas of all Israel be accepted by their creator in heaven. And we say: *Amen*.

May heaven bestow on us, and on all Israel, life and abundant and lasting peace. And we say: *Amen*.

May the one who creates peace on high bring peace to us and to all Israel [and to all who dwell on earth]. And we say: *Amen*. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya-aseh shalom aleinu v'al kol yisrael [v'al kol yosh'vei teiveil], v'imru amen.

אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ [וְאִמֻּוֹתֵינוּ], וְצֵה בִמְנוּחָתֵנוּ.
 שֲבְּעֵנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךּ, וְתֵן חֶלְקֵנוּ בְּתוֹרָתֶךּ,
 וְטַהַר לִבֵּנוּ לְעְרְדְּךְ בָּאֶמֶת,
 וְיַנְוּ יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּאַהֲבָה וּבְרָצוֹן שַׁבַּת קְדְשֶׁךּ,
 וְיִנְוּחוּ בָה יִשְּׂרָאֵל מְקַדְּשֵׁי שְׁמֶךּ.
 בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְקַדְּשֵׁי שְׁמֶךּ.

קַדִּישׁ שָׁלֵם

Leader

יִתְנַּדֵּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא, בְּעָלְמָא דִּי בְּרָא, כִּרְעוּתֵה, וְיַמְלִּיךְ מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכְל־בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל, בַּעֲגָלָא וּבִוְמֵן קוֹרִיב, וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן.

Congregation and Leader:

יָהֵא שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא מְבָרַךְ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא.

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יִתְבָּרֵךְ וְיִשְׁתַּבֵּח וְיִתְפָּאַר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדָּר וְיִתְעֵלֶּה וְיִתְהַלֶּל שְׁמֵה דְּקְדְשָׁא, בְּּרִיךְ הוּא, לְעֵלֶּא מִן בְּל־ [לְעֵלֶּא לְעֵלֶּא מִבְּל־:on Shabbat Shuvah we substitute: בְּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הָּשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחָמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָן בְּעָלְמָא, בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הָּשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחָמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָן בְּעָלְמָא, וְאָמָרוּ אָמֵן.

תִּתְקַבַּל צְלוּתְהוֹן וּבָעוּתְהוֹן דְּכֶל־יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶדָם אֲבוּהוֹן דִּי בִשְׁמַיָּא, וָאִמְרוּ **אָמֵן**.

יְהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא, וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בְּל־יִשְׂרָאֵל, וִאִמְרוּ אָמֵן.

. עֹשֶׁה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמִיו הוּא יַּצְשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל־יִשְּׂרָאֵל [וְעַל כָּל־יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבַל], וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵוּ אבריש. In the ancient synagogue, Kaddish Shalem marked the conclusion of the service. The congregation responded to the leader's invitation to praise God's name at the beginning of the service, and it does so here as well, at the conclusion of the service.

The request that the prayers of all Israel be received favorably and that peace reign is an appropriate conclusion of the service. In the late Middle Ages, a more elaborate ending to the service was considered fitting and so the songs and prayers that follow were appended; to this day, some rites conclude here.

AND TO ALL WHO DWELL ועל כּל־יוֹשבי ON EARTH תבל. The inclusion of these words follows the liturgical practice of many Conservative prayerbooks and congregations of including a universalist dimension to certain prayers for peace. which would otherwise mention only Israel. The prayer thus prompts us to envision an expanding peace, beginning with ourselves and radiating outward: first to all the people Israel, and then to all created beings.

The 20th-century philosopher Emmanuel Levinas asserts that the designation "Israel" includes most broadly all human beings who are committed to the ethical care of the stranger.

In our prayers, we may move among various understandings of "Israel": Israel as Jewish community, Israel as national home, and Israel as emblematic of all those who uphold an ethical universe.